Current Content Alert Services Current Content Alert Services

MONTH August YEAR 2022

Compiler: Y. K. Rajoriya



LIBRARY REGIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION (NATIONAL COUNCIL OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND TRAINING) Capt. D.P. Choudhary Road, Ajmer - 305004 E-mail: rieajmer@yahoo.com Phone: 0145-2643721, 2643864; (Fax) 2643862

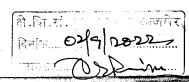
Library

RIE, Ajmer

	· •		
S.No.	Name of Journals	Vol.No.	Pages
1	आविष्कार	52(8)	1
2	अनौपचारिका	48(8)	2
3	हंस	37(1)	3
4	कथादेश	40(5)	4
5	मधुमती	62(7)	5-6
6	University News	60(29-32)	7-10

आविष्कार, वर्ष 52 अंक 8, अगस्त, 2022

आविष्कार



अगरत २०२२ वर्ष ५२ अवर ६	ISSN 0970-6607.
अध्यक्ष एवं प्रबंध निदेशक कमोडोर अमित रस्तोगी (से.नि.) प्रमुख एन.जी. लक्ष्मीनारायण संपादक डॉ. अंकिता मिश्रा	लेख स्वतंत्र भारत की वैज्ञानिक उपलब्धियां — डॉ. मनोज कुमार पटैरिया
विक्रय प्रबंधक स्मिता पाराशर प्रकाशन अधिकारी खेमचंद अधीक्षक बी. वी. मुरालीकृष्णन वितरण अरविन्द कौशिक दीपक तुली प्रवीन राजौरा	विविधा ट्राईकोडमां के उत्पादन की विधि एवं पौध रोग प्रबंधन — डॉ. आत्मानंद त्रिपाठी
महाज्य के स्वास्त्र के स्वास्त	समाचारिकी
20-22, जमलदपुर सामुदायिक केंद्र कैलाश कॉलोनी एक्सटेंशन नई दिल्ली-110048 होन : 29240401-07 हैक्स : 091-11-29240409, 29240410 ई-मेल : ankita@nrdc.in, editors.nrdc@gmail.com khemchand@nrdc.in write2@nrdc.in	आवरणः पारुल सिन्हा डिजाइनरः शाहिद इकबाल • 'आविष्कार' नेशनल रिसर्च डिवेलपमेंट कारपोरेशन (एनआरडीसी) द्वारा प्रकाशित विज्ञान और प्रीयोगिकी की लोकप्रिय विज्ञान मासिक पत्रिका हैं। • 'आविष्कार' में किसी लेख के प्रकाशन हेंतु चयन के सदर्भ में संपादक का निर्णय अंतिम होगा। प्रकाशित लेखों और लेखकों द्वारा भंजे गए चित्रों की मौलिकता के संबंध में लेखक स्वयं उत्तरदायी होंगे। • 'आविष्कार' में प्रकाशित सामग्री का किसी भी रूप में उपयोग करने से पूर्व संपादक की अनुमति लेना आवश्यक हैं • 'आविष्कार' में प्रकाशित किसी यांत्रिक, वैद्युत, इलेक्ट्रॉनिक आदि युक्ति के काम न करने के स्थिति में पत्रिका/एनआरडीसी उसके लिए उत्तरदायी नहीं होगी। • 'आविष्कार' में प्रकाशित विज्ञापनों में किए गए दावों के लिए पत्रिका और एनआरडीसी उत्तरदायी नहीं होगी। आविष्कार का सदस्यता युक्कः एक प्रतिः रैं 50; वार्षिकः रैं 550; द्विवार्षिकः रैं 1,00, त्रिवार्षिकः रें 1,650

अनौपचारिका, वर्ष ४८ अंक ८ , अगस्त, 2022

समानो मन्त्र: सिमिति: समानी समानं मन: सहचित्तमेषाम्। समानं मन्त्रमभिमन्त्रये व: समानेन वो हविषा जुहोमि।। समानी व आकूति: समाना हृदयानि व:। समानमस्त् वो मनो यथा व: सुसहासित।। ऋग्वेद

अनीपचारिका

प्रमुकालीन शिक्षा-चिन्तन की पत्रिका

क्षे.शि.सं. पुस्तकालय, अजमेर दिनांक 03/8/2022 हस्ताक्षर ७३८-१४

पुष्टि वर्ष : 49 अंक : 8 श्रावण-भाद्रपद

वि.सं. 2078 अगस्त, 2022

क्र म

वाणी

- 3. एकादशोपनिषद्
 - अपनी बात
- सवाल आजादी की शिक्षा का लेख
- 6. शिक्षा में सामाजिक हस्तक्षेप -आदित्य नटराज
- 11. मुझे शिक्षक होने का गर्व है
 -डॉ. अशोक बोहरा 'अनित्य'
- 13. मास्टर साहब ने ही कुछ सीखा-अशोक आत्रेय कविताएं
- 14. किसने चाहा था-बृजमोहन ये वक्त की आवाज है-प्रेम धवन कोई शम्मा जलाइए-अज्ञात
- 15. इस देश की सूरत-श्याम तोमर शांति के सिपाही चले-दखामल

किसलिए पढ़ें-बुजमोहन

आलेख

- 16. बच्चों की परविरश : खुशी की चाबी और बचपन के जादुई किस्से-नताशा बधवार
 - लेख
- 18. प्राथमिक शिक्षा में बाल रंगमंच-राकेश जैन

पुस्तक परिचय-मौन इतिहास : मुखर यादें २० कोक शामाप्यों वाले इतिहास का सम्मोदन

20. लोक धारणाओं वाले इतिहास का सम्मोहन **-राजेन्द्र बोड़ा**

खास खबर

- 23. उच्च शिक्षा में आगे बढ़ रही हैं लड़िकयां
 - स्मृति-शेष
- 24. भारत में इंटरनेट लाने वाले बी.के.सिंघल नहीं रहे
- 25. पीटर ब्रूक जिन्होंने थियेटर को तीर्थयात्रा बना दिया



राजस्थान प्रौढ़ शिक्षण समिति 7-ए, झालाना डूंगरी संस्थान क्षेत्र, जयपुर-302004

फोन : 2700559, 2706709, 2707677 ई-मेल : raeajaipur@gmail.com संरक्षक : श्रीमती आशा बोथरा

> संपादक : राजेन्द्र बोड़ा

कार्यकारी संपादक : प्रेम गुप्ता

प्रबंध संपादक :

दिलीप शर्मा

आवरण : शिवजी राजस्थान के धोरों पर अपने उल्लास के पदचिन्ह छोड़ती रंग और गति भरी आज़ादी

अनौपचारिका | 4 | अगस्त, 2022

हंस, वर्ष 37 अंक 1, अगस्त, 2022

संपादक संजय सहाय प्रबंध निदेशक रचना यादव कार्यालय व्यवस्थापक वीना उनियाल प्रसार एवं लेखा प्रबंधक हारिस महमूद शब्द-संयोजन प्रेमचंद गौतम कार्यालय सहायक किशन कुमार, दुर्गा प्रसाद मुख्य प्रतिनिधि (उ.प्र.) राजेन्द्र प्रसाद जायसवाल रेखाचित्र संदीप राशिनकर

कार्यालय

अक्षर प्रकाशन प्रा. लि.

4229/1, अंसारी रोड, दक्ष्यिगंज, नई दिल्ली-2

व्हाट्सऐप : 9717239112

दूरभाष : 011-41050047

इंमेल : editorhans@gmail.com

वेबसाइट : www.hanshindimagazine.in

इस अंक का मूल्य : 75 रुपए प्रति

मूल्य : 50 रूपए प्रति

वार्षिक : 500 रुपए (व्यक्तिगत)

रजिस्टर्ड : 800 रुपए

संस्था/पुस्तकालय : 700 रूपए (संस्थागत)

रजिस्टर्ड : 1000 रुपए

आजीवन : 15,000 रुपए

विदेशों में : 80 डॉलर

सारे भुगतान मनीऑर्डर/चैक/वैंक ड्राफ्ट द्वारा अक्षर प्रकाशन प्रा. लि. (Akshar Prakashan

Pvt. Ltd.) के नाम से किए जाएं.

हंस/अक्षर प्रकाशन प्रा.ति. से संबंधित सभी विवादास्पद मामले केवल दिल्ली न्यायालय के अधीन होंगे. अंक में प्रकाशित सामग्री के पुनर्प्रकाशन के लिए लिखित अनुमति अनिवार्य है. हम में प्रकाशित रचनाओं में विचार लेखकों के अपने हैं. उनसे हंस की सहमति अनिवार्य नहीं है. साथ ही उनके मौलिक या अप्रकाशित होने का उत्तरदायित्व संपादक और प्रकाशक का नहीं है बल्कि यह दायित्व रचनाकार का है.

प्रकाशक/मुद्रक: रचना यादव खन्ना द्वारा अक्षर प्रकाशन प्रा. लि., 4229/1, अंसारी सेड, दरियागंज, नई दिल्ली-110002 के लिए प्रकाशित एवं चार दिशाए, जी-39/40, सेक्टर-3, नौएडा- 201301 (उ.प्र.) से मुद्रित: संपादक-संजय सहाय.

अगस्त, 2022

मूल संस्थापक : प्रेमचंद : 1930 पुनर्सस्थापक : राजेन्द्र यादव : 1986



साभार : Hadynyah

पूर्णांक-430 वर्ष : 37 अंक : 1 अगस्त 2022



जनचेतना का प्रगतिशील कथा-मासिक

संपादकीय

4. खुशगवार खबरें : संजय सहाय

अतिथि संपादकीय

 आइए, आज़ादी का अमृत महोत्सव मनाएं!: संजीव कुमार

न हन्यते

 'इंकलाब जिंदाबाद…' अलिवदा कहते हुए चले गए नारंग साहब : भारत भारद्वाज

साक्षात्कार

12. हिंदुत्ववादी ताकतें प्रतिक्रांति का नेतृत्व कर रही • हैं:(प्रो. प्रभात पटनायक से राजेंद्र शर्मा की बातचीत)

कहानियां

- 20. खुली आंखें : संजीव
- 28. विद्या सिन्हा की मुस्कान : प्रत्यक्षा
- 38. पत्थर : प्रियदर्शन
- 50. गुतः बंदना राग
- 60. फांसी : राकेश बिहारी

००० माता - राजाना व्यक्तिर

कश-म-कश

77. एक अदना, मामूली शब्द : योगेंद्र आहूजा

इस अक में

कविताएं

- 68. बसंत त्रिपाठी
- 70. अनुराधा सिंह
- 72. जिसंता केरकेटा
- 73. फरीद खां
- 75. अनुपम सिंह.

लेख -

- 83. हिंदुत्व और फासीवाद : रामचंद्र गुहा 🦯
- 86. मर गया देश, अरे, जीवित रह गए तुम्! : चंघल चौहान
- 91. 'अमृत' काल में विष : प्रसन्न कुमार चौधरी
- 96. अब तो बेल फैल गई : अनामिका
- 102.साहित्य की चुनौती-'स्वराज्य से स्वाधीनता तकः वीरेन्द्र यादव √∕
- 107.बेलगाम ढलान पर पत्रकारिता : सीमा मुस्तफा
- 110.आजादी के 75 साल और हिंदी सिनेमा : जवरीमल्ल पारख
- 122.आदिवासी संघर्ष की व्यापक और लोकप्रिय होती चेतना: महादेव टोप्पों
- 127. 'हिंद स्वराज' और हमारा समय : गोपाल प्रधान 🗸

SH.

3

कथादेश, वर्ष 40, अंक 5, अगस्त, 2022

	ाहित्य, संस्कृति और कला का सम	ग्र मासिक
- CE	1911 1911 1911 1911 1911 1911 1911 191	Kenazi
वर्षः ४० पुन	र्प्रकाशन वर्षः २६ अकः	05 अगस्त 2022
हवा-पानी 6. फजल रशीद : कहानी इंसान के कुदरत से बिछड़ने की कहानियाँ 32. धनेश दत्त पाण्डेय : सोहबत 53. संजय कुमार सिंह : घर का पता 56. मार्टिन जॉन : विषपुरुष 62. लतिका बत्रा : किट्टी 68. मीना गुप्ता : बोल पड़ी जीत 68. ममता शर्मा : तीन दिन यात्रा-संस्मरण 43. शम्पा शाह : नीलमणि, नोबाब और नौ पहाड़ियों वाली घाटी कविताएँ 50. जावेद आलम खान की कविताएँ	बलवंत गार्गी (अनुवाद : सुभाष नीरव) सोचो साथ क्या जायेगा 9. जितेन्द्र भाटिया : नागफनी के कंटीले जंगल में 11. एडूआर्डो गेलीआनो : प्रेम तथा युद्ध के दिन और रात! (संस्मरणात्मक गद्य) रंगमंच 84. नवीन चौबे : निठल्ले की डायरी में	यायावर की डायरी
and the second s	शाखा कार्यालय श्रीमती (डॉ.) स्मृति सिंह सावित्री सदन, कबीर मार्ग पार्क, जयपुर (राजस्थान) प्रचार/प्रसार सुदित इस अंक का मूल्य 50/- मूल्य वार्षिक (व्यक्तिगत) : 500/-	

3 कथादेश 🗖 अगस्त 2022

रजिस्टर्ड डाक से : 700/-

(संस्था तथा लाइब्रेरी): 700/-

आजीवन सदस्यता : 10000/-

रजिस्टर्ड डाक से : 15000/-

वार्षिक (विदेश) : 60 डॉलर

रजिस्टर्ड डाक से : 900/-

मूल्य वार्षिक

मुद्रक, प्रकाशक, सम्पादक

हरिनारायण, एल-57 B, दिलशाद गार्डन,

दिल्ली-110095 द्वारा स्वास्तिक

आफसेट, एम-120, नवीन शाहदरा,

दिल्ली-110032 से मुदित.

सम्पादकीय कार्यालय

दिल्ली-110095

E- mail :

एल-57 बी, दिलशाद गार्डन,

मो.: 7303401407, 7701938525

kathadeshnew@gmail.com

शम्पा शाह

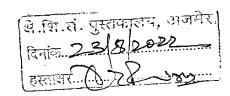
रश्मि रावत

सम्पादक

हरिनारायण

मधुमती, वर्ष 62, अंक 7, जुलाई, 2022

क्रम



विशेष स्मरण

नामवर सिंह: अविस्मरणीय लम्हों का सफ़र		मेवाड़ की अनमोल धरोहर- नाहर नृत्य	
प्रकाश मनु	11	अभिषेक श्रीवास्तव	99
कविताएँ		कहानी	
विजय राही	28	नफा-नुकसान	
विनोद पदरज	31	संगीता माथुर	104
कैलाश मनहर	34	टुकड़ों में बँटी मुलाकातें	
नरेन्द्र पुण्डरीक	38	दिनेश विजयवर्गीय	109
रश्मि शर्मा	43	•	
लेख		उपन्यास अंश	
		अज्ञातवास का हमसफर	
हिंसा-अहिंसा पर असमाप्त बहस		राजेन्द्र मोहन भटनागर	118
राजीव रंजन गिरि	49	-i	
अपने-अपने अज्ञेय		संस्मरण	
मोहन कृष्ण बोहरा	66	रमेशचन्द्र शाह :	
		पाँखुरी-दर-पाँखुरी खुलता एक फूल	
पराजित कालरात्रि की गाथा		श्यामसुन्दर दुबे	131
रंजना अरगड़े	90	*	
नारी स्वांतत्र्य और		यह तो हद है	424
सुभदाकुमारी चौहान की कहानियाँ		अनिरुद्ध उमट	136
राजेन्द्र उपाध्याय	94		

मधुमती, वर्ष 62, अंक 7, जुलाई, 2022

समीक्षा

जीवन जल से भरा भारहीन आकाश	
अरुण कमल	141
अभी शेष है बेचैनी बीज में स्विप्तल श्रीवास्तव	145
दृष्टि और सृजन का अन्तर्पाठ सतीश राठी	148
मिट्टी की सौंधी-सी महक लिए सुगढ़ कहानियाँ गोपाल माथुर	152
कैलाश वाजपेयी का समग्र विवेचन	
शुभा श्रीवास्तव	155
साहित्य समाचार	158
प्राप्ति स्वीकार	163
विज्ञप्ति	164
अकादमी प्रकाशन	176

—| 6 |-----| वाधुवाती |-

University News, Vol. 60, No. 29, July 25-31, 2022

UNIVERSITY NEWS Vol. 60 No. 29 Price A Weekly Journal of .Higher Education Published by the Association of Indian Universities In This Issue ITEMS PAGE Articles National Education Policy -2020 and the Framework for Multidisciplinary Education Discerning the Changing Scenario of Medical Education in India 8 Innovative Applications of Online Pedagogies 20 Convocation Address Indian Institute of Management Ahmedabad, Gujarat 29 Campus News 32 **Book Review** 37 The Elixir of Experience: A Must Grab 37 Theses of the Month (Science & Technology) 40 Advertisement 45

New Subscription Tariff (Effective April 01, 2020)

Inland			Foreign	
Instituti	ons Acad	demics/	Airmail	Surface
	Stud	ents		Mail
((at r	esidentia	l address o	nly)
	Rs.	Rs.	US\$	US\$
l year	1250.00	500.00	210.00	170.00
2 years	2200.00	900.00	400.00	300.00
Subscri	ptíon is p	ayable ir	advance	by Bank

Draft/MO only in favour of Association of Indian Universities, New Delhi.

Opinions expressed in the articles are those of the contributors and do not necessarily reflect the views and policies of the Association.

Patron:

Prof. Suranjan Das

Editorial Committee Chairperson: Dr (Ms) Pankaj Mittal

Editorial Committee:

Dr Baljit Singh Sekhon

Dr Amarendra Pani Dr Youd Vir Singh

Editor:

Dr Sistla Rama Devi Pani

#Let'sBeatCoronaTogether,

National Education Policy —2020 and the Framework for Multidisciplinary Education

Anil S Sutar*

The National Education Policy-2020 (NEP 2020) emphasizes more on holistic and multidisciplinary education. The policy not only articulated quite well the need for multidisciplinary education but also provides a robust framework for it. Our university system which has been organized into departments tends to focus more on disciplinary specialization. The ideas of interdisciplinary, multidisciplinary, transdisciplinary learning, research and practice have been expressed without much clarity and without a proper action plan. The approach towards multidisciplinary education so far did not envisage a framework for building it as a permanent feature of higher education. It was meted out a more ad-hoc treatment. Rhetoric expression of the significance of interdisciplinarymultidisciplinary approaches to learning, research and practice has been abundant. But what was missing was the serious effort in implementing the notions of interdisciplinary and multidisciplinary education. The operationalization of multidisciplinary education calls for adjustments at several levels - at the level of disciplines, at the level of teams and at the institutional level. The NEP-2020 provides clarity about multidisciplinary Education and lays down a road map for its implementation in higher education. The literature dealing with multidisciplinary education unrayels several issues and problems that have been unaddressed so far being discussed here.

Lack of Conceptual Clarity

There are several interrelated terms such as multidisciplinary, interdisciplinary, transdisciplinary and cross-disciplinary which have been often used interchangeably. Of course, the boundary between these terms is quite thin and most of them involve a similar process of coordination across several disciplinary perspectives. But each of these terms is quite distinct and has its own methodology and epistemology. The interdisciplinary approach aims to integrate perspectives of different disciplinary approach aims toward gaining competencies from different disciplines simultaneously keeping intact the disciplinary boundaries. In this sense, a multidisciplinary approach is more additive in nature than integrating (Klein 1990). The NEP articulates the term multidisciplinary education in a more crystal and precise manner and the policy is quite consistent with the usage of the term multidisciplinary education.

UNIVERSITY NEWS, 60(29) JULY 18-24, 2022

^{*} Professor, School of Research Methodology, Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Deonar, Mumbai - 400 088 (Maharatshtra). E-mail: anilss@tiss.edu

University News, Vol. 60, No. 30, July 25-31, 2022

UNIVERSITY NI	EWS
Vol. 60	July 25-3
No. 30	202
Price	Rs. 30.00
A Weekly Journal of Hig Published by the Associat Universities	
In This Issue	
ITEMS	Pagi
Articles	
Hundred Years of University of	
Delhi: A Glorious Journey fre	om
Take On to Take Off	3
The Status of Digital Infrastructur	re for
Translating the Vision of Nat	ional
Education Policy—2020 into	
Challenges and Responses	16
Dynamics of Higher Education in	
Reflections from National Hi Education Qualifications Fran	
Convocation Address	mework 2.
Convocation Address Maharaja Ranjit Singh Punjab Te	chnical
University, Bathinda	30
Campus News	34
Communication	
The Agnipath Scheme: A Compar	ative
Perspective	37
Theses of the Month	.39
(Social Sciences)	
Advertisement	44

(Effective April 01, 2020)					
1	nland	Foreign			
Instituti	ons Acad	demics/	Airmail	Surface	
	Stud	ents		Mail	
	(at r	esidential	address o	nly)	
1.0	Rs.	Rs.	US\$	US\$.	
1 year	1250.00	500.00	210.00	170.00	
2 years	2200.00	900.00	400.00	300.00	

New Subscription Tariff

Subscription is payable in advance by Bank Draft/MO only in favour of Association of Indian Universities, New Delhi.

Opinions expressed in the articles are those of the contributors and do not necessarily reflect the views and policies of the Association.

Patron:

Prof. Suranjan Das

Editorial Committee Chairperson: Dr (Ms) Pankaj Mittal

Editorial Committee:

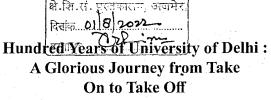
Dr Baljit Singh Sekhon Dr Amarendra Pani

Dr Amarendra Pani Dr Youd Vir Singh

Editor:

Dr Sistla Rama Devi Pani
###Let'sBeatCoronaTogether

ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF



K P Singh*

The University of Delhi entered 100 years on 1st May 2022. The Opening ceremony of the centenary celebrations of Delhi University was graced by the His Excellency Vice President of India, Shri M. Venkaiah Naidu and Shri Dharmendra Pradhan, Hon'ble Union Minister of Education. This eparchial study traces the growth and development of the University of Delhi since its inception (1922-2022). Paper linked the major developments that took place during the Vice Chancellors of University of Delhi the first Vice Chancellor Dr. Hari Singh Gaur to the present Vice Chancellor Prof. Yogesh Singh. This study is unique in nature and its presentations.

From around 1911-to 12, there was growing dissatisfaction among British officials in London and Calcutta, both on educational and political grounds regarding the model of affiliating universities. In 1917, the Calcutta University Commission was appointed under the chairmanship of Sir Michael Sadler to study the situation. It submitted a comprehensive report two years later on the improvement of education from school to the university level. One of the major recommendations of the commission was the establishment of teaching and residential universities in India as Sadler and his colleagues were inspired by the Oxford University model. The universities set up after this at Patna, Dacca, Banaras, Aligarh, Lucknow, and Hyderabad followed the recommendation by the Sadler Commission.

The University of Delhi was established in 1922, as a unitary, teaching and residential University on the recommended lines by an Act of the Central legislature Assembly. Only four colleges existed then in Delhi and were affiliated with Panjab University, Lahore (established in 1882), namely - St. Stephen's College (1881), Hindu College (1899), Lady Hardinge Medical College for Women started in 1916, and Ramjas College founded in 1917. Except for the Lady Hardinge Medical College for Women, the other three got affiliated with the newly established University of Delhi.

Thus, the University had a modest beginning with three colleges and two faculties (Arts and Science) and about 750 students without any University professors or readers. At the time of its establishment, the University had no building of its own, and its administrative offices were housed in rented accommodations at Under Hill Road and the Old Secretariat.

The then Viceroy, Lord Reading became the first Chancellor and appointed Sir Hari Singh Gour, a distinguished barrister-at-law from

* Director, Gandhi Bhawan & Provost, PG Men's Hostel, University of Delhi & Professor, Department of Library and Information Science, University of Delhi, Delhi-110007. E-mail: kpsingh330@gmail.com

UNIVERSITY NEWS, 60(30) JULY 25-31, 2022

University News, Vol. 60, No. 31, August 1-7, 2022

UNIVERSITY NEWS History of Examinations Reforms in Vol. 60 August 01-07 No. 31 2022 **Higher Education in India** Price Rs. 30.00 A Weekly Journal of Higher Education Mahabir Singh*

क्षे शि.सं. पुस्तकालय, अजमेर

In This Issue	
ITEMS	PAGE
Articles	
History of Examinations Reforms in Higher Education in India	3
The Sociological Aspect of Women Library Professionals in Assam: A Study	8
Second Tier Administrative Structure of a Distance Teaching Institution as Academic Power House of Distance	14
Education System	14
Use of Smartphones to Increase the Learning Potential of Mild Intellectually Disabled Persons	25
Use of Smartphones to Increase the Learning Potential of Mild	
Use of Smartphones to Increase the Learning Potential of Mild. Intellectually Disabled Persons Convocation Address Indian Institute of Management Jammu, Jammu	25
Use of Smartphones to Increase the Learning Potential of Mild. Intellectually Disabled Persons Convocation Address Indian Institute of Management	25 29

New Subscription Tariff (Effective April 01, 2020)

	Inland			Foreign		
	Institutions		Acad	lemics/	Airmail	Surface
			Stud	ents		Mail
	1		(at re	esidentia	l address o	nly)
	- 1	R	ls.	Rs.	US\$	US\$
ı	1 year	125	50.00	500.00	210.00	170.00
	2 years	-220	00.00	900.00	400.00	300.00
	Cubaan					lee Deed

Draft/MO only in favour of Association of Indian Universities, New Delhi

Opinions expressed in the articles are those of the contributors and do not necessarily reflect the views and policies of the Association. Patron:

Prof. Suranjan Das

Editorial Committee Chairperson: Dr (Ms) Pankaj Mittal

Editorial Committee:

Dr Baljit Singh Sekhon Dr Amarendra Pani Dr Youd Vir Singh

Dr Sistla Rama Devi Pani

#Let'sBeatCoronaTogether

In the year 1854, Sir Charles Wood, the then president of the Board of Control in Britain, sent a despatch to Lord Dalhousie, then Governor General of India. It was desired in this despatch that the functions of the university of London should be followed by upcoming universities in India. After his despatch and advice the University of Calcutta, University of Madras and University of Bombay were established in 1857 by the East India Company. The concept of affiliating universities was adopted in these universities and these universities started examining the students admitted to colleges affiliated with them. This resulted in the way students and teachers focussed on memorisation in place of understanding because examination took a prominent place in Indian higher education system. Students passing their degrees with good marks in examinations got good jobs and thus demand for degrees increased which resulted in the creation of new colleges with poor facilities except for a few institutions having good infrastructure and libraries on behalf of some religious organisations.

Early Post-Independence Reforms

After independence in the year 1948, Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan, an eminent Indian philosopher who later became president of India, chaired the meeting of the University Education Commission as the first chairman of the commission after independence, found that despite many reports and recommendations of various committees there was very little improvement in the examination system in universities. The University Education Commission (1948-49) felt the gravity and magnitude of the problem and went on to say, "We are convinced that if we are to suggest any single reform in university education it would be that of examinations."

University Grants Commission (UGC), which came into existence in 1956 with the motive to take care of higher education in the country, constituted a committee in September, 1957 which was headed by S R Dongerkery, then Registrar of the University of Bombay, to examine the problems connected with examination reforms. The committee took the view that "Examination is an aspect of the educational process which is intimately linked with its other important aspects teaching and learning - and that teaching, learning and examinations actually constitute a unity of functions. Teaching as well as learning are bound to be affected by a defective examination system since both are dominated by the objectives that govern examinations." This committee recommended the institution of tutorials, seminars,

UNIVERSITY NEWS, 60(31) AUGUST 01-07, 2022

^{*} Controller of Examinations, Deenbandhu Chhotu Ram University of Science and Technology, Murthal-131039 (Haryana). Email: coe@dcrustm.org, msdhankhar@ gmail.com

University News, Vol. 60, No. 32, July 8-14, 2022

Vol. 60		Au	gust 08-14
No. 32			2022
Price		• •	Rs. 30.00
	Journal of by the Asso		Education of Indian
	In This Is	ssue	
ITEMS			PAGI
Articles	•		
Changing Par Education	adigms in En	gineering	3
Aspirational S	Study of High	er Second	ary
	towards Unde		
	nes: A Specia of Centenary		tne
	y of Delhi		. 11
	cation Policy-		
	for Social In		18
	and Security: ssues and Co		orary 23
Convocation			
	iya Bhavan's		
	of Manageme , Mumbai	nt and	31
Campus Nev			. 33
Theses of the			
(Science	& Technolog	gy)	37
Advertiseme	nt		42
	Subscript		
(Eff	ective April	01, 2020)
Inland Institutions		Fore Airmail	ign Surface
Institutions	Students	Airman	Mail
	(at residential	l address o	nly)
Rs		US\$	US\$
	0.00 500.00 0.00 900.00	210.00 400.00	170,00 300.00
Subscription Draft/MO o	is payable in nly in favour ersities, New I	advance of Assoc	by Bank
	ressed in the		. 41 6

Changing Paradigms in Engineering Education

Sekar V* and Elangovan K

Engineering education as a professional program has been witnessing myriad changes both quantitatively and qualitatively over the last few decades. The continuous increase in the number of engineering colleges signaled a growing demand for engineering courses by students; whether due to passion or fashion is a moot question. The addition of new branches to engineering education like Artificial Intelligence, Cyber Security, Data Science, Robotics Engineering, etc. to the existing engineering streams is a matter of concern and discussion. Apparent buoyancy of engineering education throws open a host of issues to be resolved; demand and supply of engineers, employability of young engineering graduates; engineers' preference for the IT sector than core industries, engineers finding offshore green pastures resulting in Brain Drain, underemployment of potential boys and girls with engineering background working for menial jobs. There is a need for effective utilization and harnessing of the engineering expertise of young prospective engineers of India. Therefore, the aim of this paper is to discuss a few issues in a macro backdrop of engineering institutions in India and Tamil Nadu, besides tracing the major branches of engineering to discern the present scenario. Keeping in view the quantitative data, the main objective is to present a qualitative discussion of issues and to outline a possible roadmap for international standards in engineering education in Tamil Nadu.

Albert Einstein once said, only the best engineering education and educators can produce the next generation. Einstein goes further and says, Scientists, investigate that which already is. Engineers create that which has never been. Engineering disciplines are unequivocally indispensable, where the world is witnessing engineering marvels across the industry, agriculture, and service sectors. New materials and energy may be discovered by scientists but engineers find out a new use for them. Keeping in view of significance and relevance of engineering disciplines, there is a need for quality engineering graduates to compete at the global level. Quality students who have good aptitudes for science and mathematics may be nurtured to accomplish the ideals of an advanced technological world. In this milieu, it is necessary to take stock of academic institutions offering engineering education in India and Tamil Nadu in particular, to discern the dynamics of moving forward. There is no dearth of secondary sources of online website information on the aforesaid. An attempt is made in this

*Dean, Planning and Development, Dhanalakshmi Srinivasan University, Tiruchirappalli-621 112, Tamil Nadu. Email: dean.pd@dsuniversity.ac.in

UNIVERSITY NEWS, 60(32) AUGUST 08-14, 2022

#Let'sBeatCoronaTogether

Patron:

Prof. Suranjan Das

Editorial Committee:

Dr Youd Vir Singh

Dr Baljit Singh Sekhon Dr Amarendra Pani

Dr Sistla Rama Devi Pani

Editorial Committee Chairperson: Dr (Ms) Pankaj Mittal

^{**} Principal, Dhanalakshmi Srinivasan Engineering College, Perambalur-621 212, Tamil Nadu. Email: elango77@gmail.com